# Editing Wikipedia



A guide to improving content on the online encyclopedia

> I've been a Wikipedian since 2004. I contribute because I like helping to create a free, reliable reference work for the entire world. I'm happy to help you learn how to contribute, too, so you can add your knowledge and make Wikipedia better.





Imagine a world in which every single human being can freely share in the sum of all knowledge. That's our commitment.

This is the vision for Wikipedia and the other Wikimedia projects, which volunteers from around the world have been building since 2001. Bringing together the sum of all human knowledge requires the knowledge of many humans — including yours!

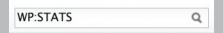
## What you can learn

This guide will walk you through how to contribute to Wikipedia, so the knowledge you have can be freely shared with others. You will find:

- What Wikipedia is and how it works
- How to navigate Wikipedia
- How you can contribute to Wikipedia and why you should
- Important rules that keep Wikipedia reliable
- How to edit Wikipedia with the VisualEditor and using wiki markup
- A step-by-step guide to adding content
- Etiquette for interacting with other contributors

## Shortcuts

Want to see up-to-date statistics about Wikipedia? Type **WP:STATS** into the search bar as pictured here.



The text **WP:STATS** is what's known on Wikipedia as a shortcut. You can type shortcuts like this into the search bar to pull up specific pages.

In this brochure, we designate shortcuts as | shortcut WP:STATS.

# What is Wikipedia?

Wikipedia — the free encyclopedia that anyone can edit — is one of the largest collaborative projects in history. With millions of articles and in hundreds of languages, Wikipedia is read by hundreds of millions of people on a regular basis.

A lot of content already exists on Wikipedia, but many important topics have poor coverage and some have no article at all. Wikipedia relies on contributors like you to keep information current, expand short "stub" articles, and create new articles on topics not already covered in your language Wikipedia. Contributions you make to Wikipedia can enlighten hundreds, thousands, or even millions of people worldwide.

When you make an edit to Wikipedia, you're joining a community of hundreds of thousands of people — Wikipedians — who have freely contributed their knowledge to Wikipedia. What Wikipedians are doing has the potential to change the world. But there's still a very long way to go before we collect the sum of all knowledge. That's why we need your help.

What you contribute to Wikipedia is free content and becomes part of the commons. It may be edited and reused by others under a free license.



## Why edit Wikipedia?



Today, I'm carrying on my grandfather's life work and his passion for recording local history and heritage. The difference is I have a tool my grandfather did not — Wikipedia.



We want a world that is more open, more educated, and more free. We want a world where knowledge is available to anyone that seeks it.



If what you write is accurate and well written, it will be read by large numbers of people every day. (If not, it will quickly disappear.)

# Navigating Wikipedia pages

As you get started, it's helpful to familiarize yourself with the interface and how to navigate Wikipedia pages.

#### Featured content

Here you can find some of the best work on Wikipedia: articles, photographs, and other content that meet the community's highest standards.

#### Help

The Help pages, just like the articles, are written by Wikipedia contributors.

#### **Community portal**

The community portal lets you explore what's going on across Wikipedia, from news to collaborations to policy discussions.

#### Tools

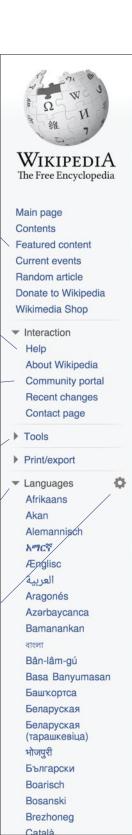
This section has useful tools for getting more information about a page and its history.

#### Languages

These are the other language versions of Wikipedia — out of more than 280 — that have an article on the same topic.

#### Language settings

These settings allow you to change the language used for menus and select your keyboard layout.



#### Talk

Each article has a corresponding Talk page where contributors can leave comments and suggestions, discuss changes, and ask for help from one another.

#### Article Talk

# Encyclopedia

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

This article is about the type of reference wor

An **encyclopedia** (also spelled **encyclopaedia** of a type of reference work – a compendium holding information from either all branches of knowledge branch of knowledge.<sup>[2]</sup> Encyclopedias are divide entries, which are usually accessed alphabetical Encyclopedia entries are longer and more detailed dictionaries.<sup>[3]</sup> Generally speaking, unlike dictionation focus on linguistic information about words, encyc focus on factual information to cover the thing or article name stands.<sup>[4][5][6][7]</sup>

Encyclopedias have existed for around 2,000 yes existence, *Naturalis Historia*, was written in ca. Al Elder. The modern encyclopedia evolved out of o the 17th century. Historically, some encyclopedia one volume, but some, such as the *Encyclopedia* world's largest *Enciclopedia universal ilustrada e* encyclopedias, such as Wikipedia, are electronic

The word *encyclopedia* comes from the Koine Ge education": *enkyklios* (ἐγκύκλιος), meaning "circ "education, rearing of a child";<sup>[10]</sup> it was reduced the phrase literally translates as "complete instruc

> Indeed, the purpose of an encyclopedia is general system to the men with whom we preceding centuries will not become usels instructed, will at the same time become n rendered a service to the human race in the

> > -Diderot<sup>[1]</sup>

Contents [hide] 1 Characteristics 2 History 2.1 Ancient times 2.2 Middle Ages 2.3 Renaissance 2.4 18th–19th centuries 2.5 20th century 2.6 21st century 3 Etymology



For other uses, see Encyclopedia (disambiguation).

encyclopædia)<sup>[1]</sup> is or a particular l into articles or by article name.<sup>[3]</sup> than those in most y entries, which oncept for which the

s; the oldest still in were contained in Britannica or the



ropeo-americana, became huge multi-volume works. Some modern ind are often freely available.

ek ἑγκύκλιος παιδεία,<sup>[8]</sup> transliterated *enkyklios paideia*, meaning "general lar, recurrent, required regularly, general"<sup>[9]</sup> + *paideia* (παιδεία), meaning a single word due to an error<sup>[11]</sup> by copyists of Latin manuscripts. Together, on" or "complete knowledge".

o collect knowledge disseminated around the globe; to set forth its ve, and transmit it to those who will come after us, so that the work of s to the centuries to come; and so that our offspring, becoming better re virtuous and happy, and that we should not die without having future years to come.

If you haven't done so yet, create your account. With an account, you can keep track of your contributions, create a personal User page, and receive Notifications when other contributors reply to you or build on what you've done.

#### Search

Find articles by name, or find pages that include your search terms. You can also enter shortcuts to bring up specific pages that we reference throughout this brochure. A useful one is | shortcut WP:HELP .

# What Wikipedians do

Volunteers contribute in more ways than one. Here are examples of what it takes to make Wikipedia happen.

# Add new text and references





Welcome newcomers and answer their questions



Monitor new articles and recent edits



Discuss Wikipedia policies and help resolve disputes



Main page Contents Featured content Current events Random article Donate to Wikipedia

 Interaction Help About Wikipedia Community portal Recent changes Contact page

Wikimedia Shop

- Tools
- Print/export
- Languages
   Afrikaans
   العربية

   Беларуская
   Беларуская
   (тарашкевіца)
   Български
   Català

Article Talk

# Community

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

For other uses, see Community (disambiguation).

The term **community** has two distinct commutative mean small, social unit of any size that shares common values. community or international community, and 2) in biology, a organisms sharing a populated environment.

In human communities, intent, belief, resources, preference conditions may be present and common, affecting the ide cohesiveness.

Since the advent of the Internet, the concept of communit can now gather virtually in an online community and share location. Prior to the internet, virtual communities (like so limited by the constraints of available communication and

The word "community" is derived from the Old French *cor communitas* (*com*, "with/together" + *munus*, "gift"), a broa Some examples of community service are to help in churc

Contents [show]

## Perspectives from various disciplines

#### Sociology

#### Gemeinschaft and Gesellschaft

Main article: Gemeinschaft and Gesellschaft



Ø

Develop the free, open source software that runs Wikipedia

# Upload photographs and illustrate articles Copy edit articles Image: Strate article strate

Search

Read Edit View history

nings: 1) Community can refer to a usually

. The term can also refer to the national , a community is a group of interacting living

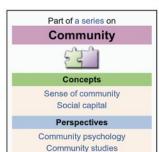
nces, needs, risks, and a number of other entity of the participants and their degree of

hity has less geographical limitation, as people re common interests regardless of physical ocial or academic organizations) were far more d transportation technologies.

ommunité which is derived from the Latin ad term for fellowship or organized society.<sup>[1]</sup> rch, tutoring, hospitals, etc.



A community of interest gathers at Stonehenge, England, for the summer solstice.



Types



Q

Assign students to edit Wikipedia, and help student editors learn the basics through the Wikipedia Education Program



Review articles and make suggestions for improvement

# Why edit Wikipedia?



When I have kids, I want them to know Nepal's culture and our rich history, and to learn it in our own language — and Wikipedia is making that possible.



When I searched on Wikipedia, there was nothing. So I decided to write the article myself. To date, more than 18,000 people have read my article. Some have even added their own information and sources.



I learned to speak English by fighting vandalism on Wikipedia.

# Preparing to edit

Anyone can edit Wikipedia, but there are some basic rules. Here are some of the most important ones to follow as you start editing:

#### Neutral point of view

Everything on Wikipedia must be written from a neutral point of view. Articles must not take sides, but instead should describe — accurately and without bias — all the significant viewpoints on the topic published in reliable sources. Argumentation or advocacy does not belong in Wikipedia articles.

#### No original research

Simply put, Wikipedia is not a place to publish original ideas. Rather, you should summarize what others have published in reliable sources about the topic. Articles may not contain any new analysis, and they should not synthesize published materials to reach broader conclusions beyond what the individual sources say.

#### Copyright and plagiarism

Since all contributions are freely licensed, no editor owns any article; all of your contributions can and will be edited and redistributed. Except for brief quotations, copying content from copyrighted sources onto Wikipedia is not allowed. Whether direct copying or close paraphrasing, plagiarism and copyright violation are disruptive and time-consuming for volunteers to clean up. It's important that all content you contribute to Wikipedia is written in your own words. (Public domain and freely licensed content may also be added to Wikipedia as long as it is properly attributed.)

#### **Reliable sources**

Information in Wikipedia needs to be verifiable, based on reliable published sources. You should include citations for the information you add to the encyclopedia, so that others can check it for themselves. The most reliable sources for Wikipedia are thirdparty sources with a reputation for factchecking, such as books published by academic presses, peer-reviewed academic journals, and international newspapers. You should be using sources that represent significant viewpoints, rather than one-off studies or fringe work. Try to find the best and most reliable sources available on the topic.

#### **Conflict of interest**

If you have a conflict of interest about a particular topic — such as an employer or an organization you are a part of — you should avoid editing articles about it.

We've developed these policies and principles over the years so we can be sure that Wikipedia is as reliable and useful as possible



# What is encyclopedic style?

Writing in an encyclopedic style and a formal tone is important when adding new content to Wikipedia. Instead of essay-like, argumentative, or opinionated writing, Wikipedia articles should have a straightforward, just-the-facts style. Here are examples of the do's and don'ts of encyclopedic writing.

### Inappropriate

## What to avoid:

or sections.

## Britannica and the Future of Encyclopedias

*Encyclopædia Britannica*, although a celebrated and historically significant encyclopedia, has little relevance in modern society. Instead, most experts agree that the future of the encyclopedia genre belongs to Wikipedia and other wiki encyclopedias — created by regular folks like you and me. Ironically, while it was a great influence on Jimmy Wales and the intrepid new generation of amateur encyclopedists who created — and continue to create — Wikipedia, *Britannica* in recent years has come to symbolize everything wrong about the old ways of creating and distributing knowledge: top-down control, unaccountable gatekeepers who decide what does and does not merit coverage, copyright restrictions and high prices that limit access to the wealthy, and — in its current online form — intrusive advertising that undercuts the reliability and usability of its content.

Don't structure your writing as an argument.

Don't create new essay-like articles

Don't use "weasel words" (like "most experts agree" or "some people say").

Don't use colloquial language or slang.

Don't use "peacock terms" (like "great", "extraordinary", or "intrepid").

Don't inject personal opinion into the writing.

Don't use overly complex language and sentence structure.

## Appropriate

Since the early 1990s, the *Britannica* has faced new challenges from digital information sources. In rapidly changing fields such as science, technology, politics, culture, and modern history, the *Britannica* has struggled to stay up-to-date, a problem first analyzed systematically by its former editor Walter Yust. <sup>[1]</sup> Although the *Britannica* is now available both in multimedia form and over the Internet, its preeminence is being challenged by other online encyclopedias, such as Wikipedia. <sup>[2]</sup>

#### Do:

- Use plain language
- Be brief
- Cite sources to back up factual claims
- Attribute viewpoints to the people who hold them
- Avoid stating conclusions, except when attributed to a specific source

# Editing with VisualEditor

With VisualEditor, you can see what your changes will look like as you edit, so you can focus on the content. Just click on the parts you want to change and start editing.

Article Talk

Paragraph

Encyclopedia

The word encor

Characteristics

ionary itself.

#### **Editing toolbar**

In edit mode, the toolbar lets you add formatting, references, images, and special page elements called templates (such as the infoboxes at the beginning of many articles). When you are finished editing, press the "Save page" button.

#### Lead section

The first sentence provides a definition of the topic, and the lead section goes on to summarize the key points covered in the article. This is the only section without a heading.

#### Images

Freely licensed images and other media files can be added to Wikipedia articles from Wikimedia Commons.

#### Citations

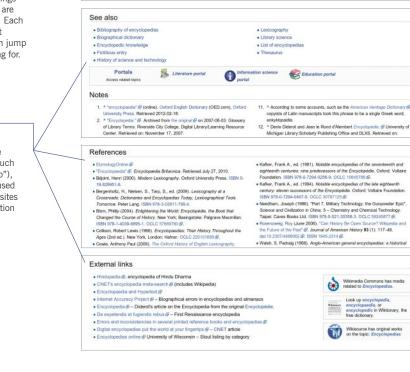
Inline citations in the body of the article are used to show where the information in each part of the text came from. The citation details appear as footnotes at the end.

#### Templates

Reusable pieces called templates are used to format information in standard ways, and to insert things like the banners that alert readers to problems with an article.

#### Body of the article

Headings — and sometimes sub-headings break the article up into sections, and are used to generate the table of contents. Each section usually covers some significant aspect of the topic, so that readers can jump right to the information they are looking for.



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\* B I 0-0 O = = More \*

This article is about the type of reference work. For other uses, see Encyclopedia (disa

An encyclopedia (also spalled encyclopaedia or encyclopædia)<sup>[1]</sup> is a type of reference w a compendium holding a summary of information from either all branches of knowledge or a a compendium holding a summary of information from either all transhes of knowledge or a particular branch (knowledge)<sup>22</sup> (Encyclopedias are divided into articles or entites, which are usually accessed alphabetically by article name.<sup>[21</sup> Encyclopedia entities are longer and <u>particle</u> detailed than those in most dictionaries.<sup>[21</sup> Generally speaking, unite dictionary **artifes**, which focus on inignatic information about works, encyclopedia articles hous <u>artification</u> information to cover the thing or concept for which the article name stands.<sup>[31]</sup>

Corrent winning of contexport on March the analysis and analysis and analysis of the statement of the statem

edia comes from the Koine Greek έγκύκλιος παιδεία.<sup>[8]</sup> transl

die without having rendered a service to the human race in the future years to come.

cyclopedia article also often includes many maps and illustrations, as well as bibliography and statistics.

paidele, meaning "general education": enkyklios (Eykükkloc)), meaning "circular, recurrent, required regularly, general<sup>egi</sup> + paidels (moöcio), meaning "education, rearing of a cyato<sup>110</sup> it was reduced to a single word due to an error<sup>111</sup> by copylists of Latin manuscripts. Together, the phrase literally tran

Indext, the purpose of an encyclopedia is to collect involvedge disseminated around the globe; to set forth is general system to the men with whom we live, and transmit is to these who will come after us, so that the work of proceeding centuries will not become useless to the centuries to come, and so that our oftpring, becoming better instructed, will at the sense time become more virtuous and heapy, and that we should not

This section needs additional citations for verification. Please help improve this article by adding citations to reliable sources. Unsourced material may be challenged and removed. (June 2010)

dem encyclopedia was developed from the dictionary in the 18th century. Historically, both encyclopedias and dictionaries have been resea

witten by well-educated, well-informed content experts, but they are significantly different in structure. A dictionary is a linguistic work which primarily foc

which previous networks and their definitions, groups and groups a relates to a broader field of knowledge. An encyclopedia is, allegedly, not written in order to convince, although one of its goals is indeed to convince its reader about its own veracity. In the terms of Aristotlo's Modes of persuasion, a dictionary should persuade the reader through logos (conveying only

appropriate emotions); it will be expected to have a lack of pathos (it should not stir up irrelevant emotions), and to have little ethos except that of the

To address those needs, an encyclopedia article is typically non linguistic, and covers not a word, but a subject or discipline. As well as defining and its

. Encyclopedias can be general, containing articles on topics in every field (the English-language Encyclopedia Britannica and German Brockhaus at well-known examples). General encyclopedias often contain guides on how to do a variety of things, as well as embedded dictionaries and gazetiours, lichteim meximit. There are also encyclopedias that cover a wide variety of topics but from a particular cultural, ethnic, or national persons ach as the Greed Encyclopedia or Encyclopedia Judaica.

synonymous terms for the topic, the article is able to treat it in more depth and convey the most relevant accumulated knowledge on that subject. An

Four major elements define an encyclopedia: its subject matter, its scope, its method of organization, and its method of production

encyclopedias, such as Wikipedia, are electronic and are often freely available.

as "complete instruction" or "complete knowledge".

#### Appendices and footnotes

After the main body of an article come sections with additional information, such as related Wikipedia articles ("See also"), footnotes with details on the sources used ("References"), and a list of other websites readers could turn to for more information ("External links").

# Editing with wiki markup

Wiki markup is the original form of editing Wikipedia articles (and on some browsers, it will be the only form available). It gives you precise control over the content and appearance of the page, once you understand how it works. Some of the underlying wiki markup for an article is pictured below. See how many of the corresponding elements you can find in the VisualEditor illustration.

#### A [[File:Brockhaus Lexikon.jpg|thumb|Brockhaus Enzyklopädie]]



Encyclopedias have existed for around 2,000 years; the oldest still in existence, ''[[Naturalis Historia]]'', was written ca. AD 77 by [[Pliny the Elder]]. The modern encyclopedia evolved out of dictionaries around the 17th century. Historically, some encyclopedias were contained in one [[volume]], but some, such as the ''[[Encyclopadia Britannica]]'' or the world's largest ''[[Enciclopedia universal ilustrada europeoamericana]]'', became huge multi-volume works. Some modern encyclopedias, such as [[Wikipedia]], are electronic and are often freely available.

#### F ==Characteristics==

The modern encyclopedia was developed from the [[dictionary]] in the 18th century. Historically, both encyclopedias and dictionaries have been researched and written by well-educated, well-informed content [[expert]]s, but they are significantly different in structure. A dictionary is a linguistic work which primarily focuses on alphabetical listing

Four major elements define an encyclopedia: its subject matter, its scope, its method of organization, and its method of production: \* Encyclopedias can be general, containing articles on topics in every field (the English-language ''Encyclopedia Britannica'' and German ''[[Brockhaus Enzyklopadie[Brockhaus])'' are well-known examples). General encyclopedias often contain guides on how to do a variety of things, as well as embedded dictionaries and [[gazetteer]]s.{{citation needed}}



==External links==

 \* [http://www.hti.umich.edu/cgi/t/text/text-idx? c=did;cc=did;idno=did222,0000.004;rgn=main;view=text Encyclopedia] -Diderot's article on the Encyclopedia from the original [[Encyclopedie]].
 \* [http://digicoll.library.wisc.edu/HistSciTech/subcollections/ CyclopaediaAbout.shtml Chambers' 'Cyclopaedia''], 1728, with the 1753 supplement
 \* [http://www.1911encyclopedia.org/ ''Encyclopædia Britannica''], 11th ed., 1911, at the LoveToKnow site.
 [[Category:Encyclopedias]] [[Category:Reference works]]

For more wiki markup help, see the cheatsheet on page 19 or visit the reference page | *shortcut* [H:MARKUP].

#### A Image

Double square brackets around the title of a photo from Wikimedia Commons will insert the image. Pipes separate optional parameters to control how the image is displayed. The most common way is with two parameters: the word "thumb" to use the standard thumbnail format, and a descriptive caption that appears beneath the image. [[File:Example.jpg|thumb|caption]]

#### B Bold

Three single quotation marks before and after a string of text makes that text bold. The article's subject is usually bolded in the first sentence.

#### Citation

Opening and closing ref tags are used to cite a source. An automatically-numbered superscript appears at the location of the ref tags, and the content appears as a footnote in the references section.

<ref> citation text </ref>

#### D Internal link

Double square brackets around a term create a link to the article of that name. Adding a pipe and another string of text before the closing square brackets changes the link text. [[article title|text]]

#### **Italic**

Two single quotation marks begin and end a segment of italic text.

#### Heading

pair of double equals signs mark a line as a heading. Triple equals signs make a sub-heading. ==Heading==

#### G Template

Double braces are used for templates, which are reusable page elements that serve many purposes. The first item after the opening braces is the template's name. Pipes separate the parameters, which are additional inputs that can change the way the template works or what it displays. {{template name | parameter}}

#### References

The references tag, or an equivalent template, sets the location where the footnotes show up typically in a "Notes" or "References" section. <references />

#### External link

A single square bracket, followed by a URL, a space, label text, and a closing square bracket makes a normal hyperlink. Typically, they are only used in footnotes or an "External links" section. [http://www.example.com text]

#### Category

At the end of an article, double square brackets around a string that starts with Category: adds an article to the specified category. Categories organize Wikipedia articles into related sets. [[Category:Something]]

# Adding content, step by step

These images show how one contributor added new information to the article on *Penny Cyclopaedia*.

## The article before editing...

The way	Septraim Chambers 🔯 Talk Sandbox Preferences Beta Watchlist Contributions Log out					
n Q	Article Talk Read Edit View history 🏠 Search Q					
Main page Contents Featured content Current events Random article Donate to Wikipedia Wikimedia Shop	Penny Cyclopaedia         From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia         The Penny Cyclopædia of the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge was a multi-volume encyclopedia edited by George Long and published by Charles Knight alongside the Penny Magazine. The volumes were published from 1833 to 1843.         External links [edit]         • Penny Cyclopædia th digitised on Google Book Search         • Hathi Trust, fulltext th					
<ul> <li>Interaction</li> <li>Help</li> <li>About Wikipedia</li> <li>Community portal</li> </ul>	This article about an encyclopedia is a stub. You can help Wikipedia by expanding it. Categories: 1833 books   British encyclopedias   English-language encyclopedias   Encyclopedia stubs					
Recent changes Contact page						
Tools	This page was last modified on 10 December 2013 at 17:38.					

## ...and the article after changes were saved.

	Article Talk Read Edit View history 🗁 💌 Search Q							
WIKIPEDIA	Penny Cyclopaedia							
The Free Encyclopedia Main page Contents Featured content Current events Random article Donate to Wikipedia Wikimedia Shop	From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia The Penny Cyclopædia of the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge was a multi-volume encyclopedia edited by George Long and published by Charles Knight alongside the Penny Magazine. Twenty-seven volumes and three supplements were published from 1833 to 1843. The unnamed contributors to the Penny Cyclopædia included many notable figures of the period, including Henry Ellis, John Kitto, Charles Knight, George Henry Leves, Augustus De Morgan, James Paget, George Richardson Porter, Thomas Southwood Smith, and Ralph Nicholson Worrum. <sup>[11]</sup> Herman Melville is known to have used the Penny Cyclopædia while writing Moby-Dick and other novels, and scholar Paul McCarthy has suggested that the encyclopedia's coverage of moral insanity and monomania may have influenced Melville's characters in Moby-Dick and other writings. <sup>[2]</sup>							
<ul> <li>Interaction</li> <li>Help</li> <li>About Wikipedia</li> <li>Community portal</li> <li>Recent changes</li> <li>Contact page</li> </ul>	Notes [edit] 1. ^ Baker, William (September 1974), "George Henry Lewes and the 'Penny Cyclopaedia': Twenty-Seven Unattributed Articles' (?, Victorian Periodicals Newsletter 7 (3): 15-18. Retrieved 6 December 2013. 2. ^ McCarthy, Paul (1987). "Forms of Insanity and Insane Characters in Moby-Dick" (?), Colby Quarterly 23 (1): 1–14. Retrieved 6 December 2013. External links [edit]							
Tools  Print/export	Penny Cyclopaedia & digitised on Google Book Search     Hathi Trust. fulltext #							
עברית Languages ובא Français עברית	This article about an encyclopedia is a stub. You can help Wikipedia by expanding it.							
∂'Edit links	Categories: 1833 books   British encyclopedias   English-language encyclopedias   Encyclopedia stubs							

This image shows what the contributor added and the markup they used. Follow these steps and you too can add content to a Wikipedia article.

Step 1: Pick a topic you want to write more about.

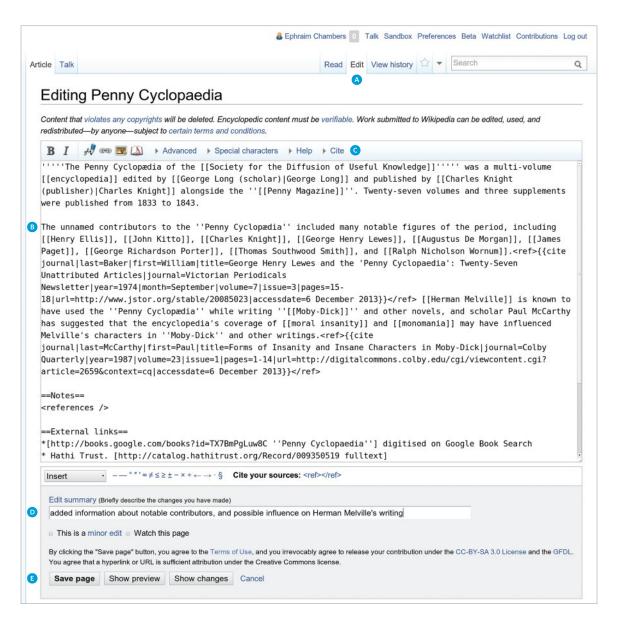
**Step 2:** Find a reliable source that covers the topic better than the current Wikipedia article.

Step 3: Now comes the fun part. Click the Edit button!

Step 4: Add some of what is missing. Using the source you've found, summarize the information you want to add in your own words. <sup>B</sup>

Step 5: At the end of your new block of text, add a reference. In the edit toolbar whether you're using wiki markup or the VisualEditor — you can click the 'cite' icon to cite your source. Step 6: In the 'edit summary' field, add a brief description of what you've done in your edit. () (With VisualEditor, you'll be prompted for an edit summary after you click Save page.) The edit summary helps other editors understand what you are doing.

**Step 7:** Now it's time to save your changes. Be sure to click Save page.



Don't worry. If you make a mistake, you can always make more changes or restore a previous version of the article.

# User pages and Talk pages

Wikipedia has other types of pages beyond articles. As you start editing, you might also want to create your **User page** to let others get to know you a little bit.

At the top right (if you are logged in) you will see your username, which you can click to reach your User page. Links to pages that do not exist — such as your User page if you have not created it yet — are colored red, instead of the typical blue.





If you click the **Create** button on one of these pages, you can start from a blank page. A User page is a place to write a little bit about yourself, to give other contributors an idea of who you are and what you're interested in. You can share as much or as little as you like.

When you Save the page, your red link will turn blue!

er page Talk		Read	Edit	View history	*	*	Search
User:Ephraim C	Chambers						
From Wikipedia, the free encyclop							
Hi, I'm Ephraim! I'm a writer by day and an historian of encyclopedias by night. I'm							About me
interested in building Wikipedia's articles about old encyclopedias and dictionaries. I'm going to be working on:							
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	a's articles about old encyo	clopedias :	and d	lictionaries.		T	This user enjoys reading non-fiction
		399. <b>*</b> - Constantinue			n		This user enjoys reading non-fiction This user is a <b>Bibliophile</b> .

You also have a **User Talk page**, where other contributors can leave messages for you. If you want to contact another contributor, you can navigate to their Talk page and leave a message at the bottom.

You should sign your messages on Talk pages; clicking the Signature button in the edit toolbar will insert four tildes ( $\sim\sim\sim\sim$ ), the special wiki markup for inserting your username along with the date and time of your message.

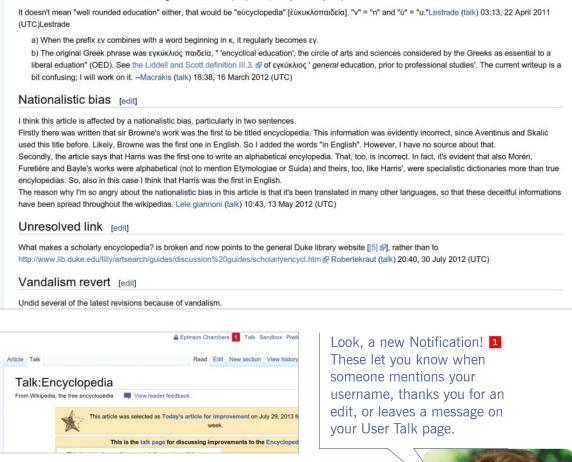


This icon on the edit toolbar is the Signature button

# Interacting with the community

Every article has its own **Talk page**, too. These Talk pages can be used to make suggestions, post new sources, point out problems, and discuss changes that contributors disagree about.

It means "in a circle." How can this mean "general"?Lestrade (talk) 23:55, 20 April 2011 (UTC)Lestrade



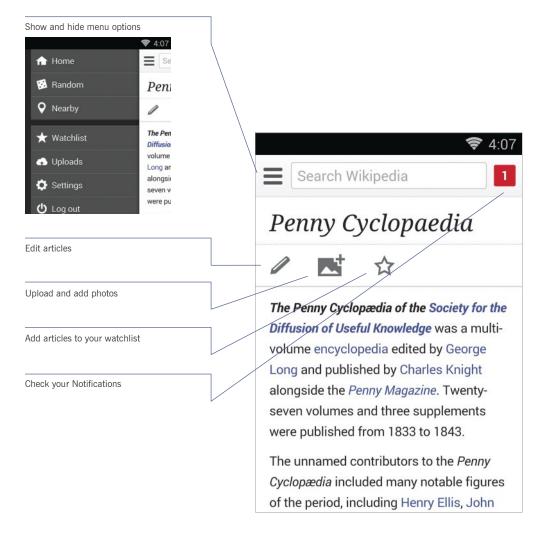
The article claims that the Greek word is ἐγκυκλοπαιδεία It seems to me that it should be ἐνκυκλοπαιδεία. Also, ἐνκυκλοπαιδεία would never mean "general."

One important guideline for community discussions on Wikipedia is to be respectful and civil. Even if you get into disagreements, you should *assume good faith* on the part of other contributors. They almost always have the same goal you do — to make Wikipedia better. Keep the discussions focused on content, rather than making them about individual contributors.



# Mobile editing

In addition to the traditional desktop interface, Wikipedia has a streamlined mobile version that you can use to both read and edit. Just visit Wikipedia on your smartphone or tablet, then log in.



## Why edit Wikipedia?



I love knowing that I'm contributing to something bigger than myself.



On one side, you have a bunch of rich, powerful companies. They want to turn the web into a medium for consumption: interactive television meets shopping mall. On the other side, you have a bunch of people who think the Internet can change the world.



Everybody reads Wikipedia. If they want to learn something, they turn to Wikipedia first. I know I've helped a little — maybe even a lot. And that's the greatest feeling I know.

# More about English Wikipedia

Each language version of Wikipedia is different (although there is a lot in common across languages as well). These are some of the things specific to English Wikipedia that you may find useful.

## Creating your first article

Starting a new article on English Wikipedia — and making sure it doesn't get deleted — can be tricky. For a detailed guide on creating your first article, see | *shortcut* [WP:FIRST].

## Wikipedia Signpost

The Signpost | *shortcut* WP:SIGNPOST is a weekly community newspaper, covering Wikipedia-related news and research, important discussions, new Featured content, and more. You can even *subscribe* to have it delivered to your Talk page each week.

## Uploading non-free images

In general, only freely licensed or public domain images can be used to illustrate Wikipedia articles, and these should be uploaded to Wikimedia Commons (commons.wikimedia.org). However, limited exceptions are allowed on English Wikipedia under the non-free content rules | *shortcut* WP:NONFREE for things like album covers. Non-free images uploaded to Wikipedia without a clear justification under the rules will be deleted.

## **WikiProjects**

WikiProjects are groups of contributors who have a common interest when it comes to editing Wikipedia. Browsing the existing WikiProjects | *shortcut* WP:WIKIPROJECT and joining ones that interest you can be a good way to find things you want to work on and connect with other Wikipedians.

## Wikipedia 1.0 assessments

WikiProjects on English Wikipedia have a system for rating the quality and importance of articles, known as the Wikipedia 1.0 assessments | *shortcut* [WP:ASSESS]. For quality, these ratings go from Stub (just the beginnings of an

article) to Start to C-class to B-class, and then the formally reviewed ratings of Good article, A-class, and Featured article.

You can see the ratings for an article at the top of its Talk page, and most WikiProjects maintain a table showing how many articles related to that WikiProject have each rating. Browsing WikiProjects for Stub and Start articles is a good way to find new topics to work on.

## WikiProjects Directory







# Evaluating Wikipedia article quality

The quality of Wikipedia articles varies widely; many are very good, but some lack depth and clarity, contain bias, or are out of date. In general, high-quality articles have these elements:

- a lead section that gives an easy-to-understand overview,
- a clear structure,
- balanced coverage,
- neutral content, and
- reliable sources.

Additional information about article quality is available by consulting the "Evaluating Wikipedia" brochure (see below).

# **Additional resources**



#### Evaluating Wikipedia: Tracing the evolution and evaluating the quality of articles

How articles evolve, elements of good quality articles, and signs of poor quality articles are all covered in this guide.

http://education.wikimedia.org/evaluating



### Illustrating Wikipedia: A guide to contributing content to Wikimedia Commons

A companion guide covering Wikimedia Commons, the media repository for images used on Wikipedia. The brochure covers what Wikimedia Commons is, how to upload files, how to use files, and the basics of free licenses.

http://education.wikimedia.org/illustrating

Instructor Basics: How to use Wikipedia as a teaching tool

#### Instructor Basics: How to use Wikipedia as a teaching tool

This brochure offers best practices for educators looking to assign students to contribute to Wikipedia as part of their course curriculum.

http://education.wikimedia.org/instructorbasics

# Wiki markup cheatsheet

These examples cover the formatting needed most often when editing Wikipedia articles with wiki markup. For more help, see | *shortcut* [H:MARKUP].

Description	What you type	What you get	
Italic	''italic text''	italic text	
Bold	'''bold text'''	bold text	
Section headers	==Heading text==	Heading text	
	===Heading text===	Heading text	
	====Heading text====	Heading text	
Link to another Wikipedia page (Internal link)	[[Denis Diderot]]	Denis Diderot	
Internal link with different text	[[Denis Diderot Diderot]]	Diderot	
Link to another website	<pre>[http://loc.gov Library of Congress website]</pre>	Library of Congress website <b>弦</b>	
Bulleted list	* Wikipedia * Encyclopédie	<ul><li>Wikipedia</li><li>Encyclopédie</li></ul>	
Numbered list	# A - Azymites # B - Cézimbra	# A - Azymites # B - Cézimbra	
Image with caption	[[File:Example.jpg thumb Caption text]]	R   B     G   Caption text	
Signature and timestamp (for Talk pages)	~~~~	Username (talk) 19:50, 11 February 2014 (UTC)	
To make a citation	What you type	What you get	
Insert a citation	<pre>Page text. <ref>[http://example.org Example.org], more text.</ref></pre>	Page text. <sup>[1]</sup>	
Display citation footnotes	<references></references>	1. ^ Example.org,& more text.	

# Glossary

#### edit summary

A brief explanation of an edit to a Wikipedia page, which helps other contributors follow the development an article and understand the intention of the edit.

#### free license

A public copyright license that ensures the freedom to use and study a work, to make and redistribute copies of it, to make changes and improvements, and to distribute derivative works, by any person for any purpose. Wikipedia — and each individual contribution to it — uses the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike license, which is a free license. See | *shortcut* |WP:CC-BY-SA| to learn more.

#### history

The record of a Wikipedia page, accessible through the View history tab, that shows every edit made. Any two versions can be compared to see the specific differences (known as a diff), and previous versions can be restored.

#### markup

The special code used to format a Wikipedia page. See the cheatsheet (page 19) for the basics, or go to | *shortcut* H:MARKUP for more detail

#### Notification

A message for you that shows up at the top of a Wikipedia page. If you want to let someone know you replied to them, you can create a Mention Notification by including a link to their User page in a signed Talk page message.

#### parameter

A bit of text, separated from other bits with a pipe character (|), that is used to control how images, templates, and other wiki markup appear on a page.

#### stub

A short, undeveloped article with plenty of room for expansion. Adding content to stubs is a good way for new contributors to get started.

#### Talk page

The discussion space for an article or other Wikipedia page, where you can talk about the contents of the page with other contributors.

#### templates

A way of automatically including the contents of one page within another. For instructions on using them, see | *shortcut*  $\overline{H:T}$ .

#### User page

The personal page of an individual contributor, which begins with "User:" followed by their username. Wikipedians can use their User pages to share information about themselves and their interests, list the articles they have worked on or want to work on, and much more.

#### Wikimedia Commons

The media repository for Wikipedia and many other wikis, where you can contribute freely licensed photos, diagrams, videos, and other media files for illustrating Wikipedia.

#### Wikipedian

Someone who helps build Wikipedia. Common synonyms include contributor, user, editor, and community member.

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10% post-consumer recycled fiber, elemental chlorine-free process, produced using renewable power